

AVR Ledion System

CRX800 light unit

Specifications

Unit type: Motorised LED bar LED drive: Switch mode constant current LED driver Input: AC 80V-260V 50-60Hz 0.6A Control: DMX512 or internal control Protection: LED drive protected against short circuit and miswiring. Driver protected by progressive thermal shutdown.

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Status displays

In DMX mode the display shows

The _ is replaced by a rotating circle if DMX is being received.

In standalone playback mode the display shows



(1 is the pattern number). This display also shows if Macro playback is selected by DMX.

If the unit starts to get too hot, it will reduce output power to protect itself and the LED fixtures. The display shows



(Reduced POwer)

If the unit passes its safe operating temperature it will shut down. The display shows



The unit will enter a cooling period and will restart once the temperature has fallen.

To enter the menu system hold the ENT button (above the _)

About this unit

The CRX800 is a moving light unit featuring a bar of LED emitters which can be rotated by a microprocessor-controlled stepper motor through 270 degrees.

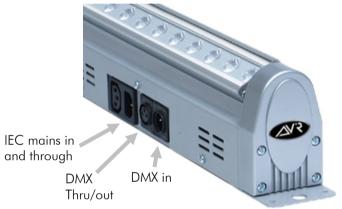
The CRX800 may be controlled from DMX512, or from the unit's on board programs.

Multiple units may be linked up by DMX512, or in a stand-alone master-slave configuration.

The CRX800 is configured using a letter/number display system with pushbuttons.

Setting it up

The unit is powered using a standard IEC cable. The power should be normal AC mains, 80-260V, 50-60Hz. An IEC outlet connector is provided to link the power through to further units. Up to 8 units may be connected in line.



The DMX sockets (in and link through) connect the unit to a DMX controller, or may be used for master-slave linking of units.

DMX pins: Pin 1=Ground, Pin 2=Data Cold, Pin 3=Data Hot

The unit may be used freestanding, or fixed to a surface. 10mm nut inserts are provided in the rear of the unit to attach standard rigging clamps. Fixing holes are also provided in the end mounting flanges.

Other configuration

Option Clear to factory defaults

Resets all options and patterns to factory defaults when you press the right hand button. This will erase any patterns you have programmed.

Keep pressing the ENT button to get to the OPCL option.
Press the + button. The display will show WAIT while the memory is cleared.

Load option

This option has no effect on the CRX800 unit and should be left at the default setting of 5.

Important: When using Stand Alone mode, ensure that the MACR option on all units is set to OFF. If MACR is ON, the stand alone control channels may trigger the macro mode.

Operating the CRX800

Test operating mode

When the unit powers up for the first time, or after being reset to factory defaults, it runs a simple option system intended for initial setup testing. The Test Mode setting is remembered after a power off.

Press ENT to change to the next option.

TEST mode does not operate when DMX is present. To use TEST mode ensure all DMX is disconnected.

Runs a simple R-G-B fade and scroll (if the user changes the PATT settings then TEST will run this pattern instead- this can also be useful for setting an emergency fall-back program)
RED / GRN / BLU / ORNG / CYAN / PURP/ WHIT: sets these colours. The + and – buttons can be pressed to change the intensity of the colours. The light bar is centred.
ALL: turns on all LEDs
OFF: turns everything off

SND: Runs a R-G-B pattern (or the user selected PATT setting if the user has changed it), sound triggered
RAND: Runs a random pattern, sound triggered

Hold down any button for 3 seconds to get to the normal mode.

Once you are in normal mode, the unit will bypass the test mode on startup. To re-enable the test mode, select the TST option from the menu system.

If DMX is received while the unit is in Test mode, then it will switch to DMX mode. If DMX is lost, it will revert to Test mode.

There is no master-slave operation in Test mode.

Macro control mode

Macro mode allows you to activate the internal patterns from DMX.

UNIX.		
	Keep pressing the ENT button to get to the MACR option.	
	Use the + button to set macro On or Off. Default is Off.	
SEL 2000 ENT SEL - +	Press the ENT button to store the macro mode.	

When MACR is ON, an additional DMX channel is used to trigger macro mode – No macro below 50%, macro activated above 50%.

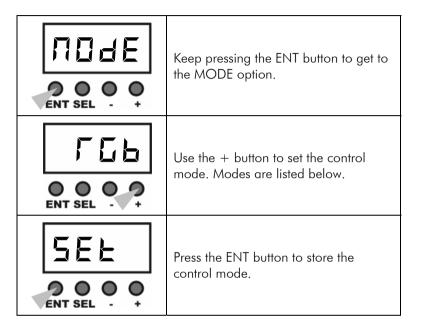
Note that if multiple units are controlled in Macro mode, the patterns are not synchronised and they may not change in time with each other if left running for long periods. We recommend that you change the pattern every hour or so to keep the units synchronised.

Also note that each unit will play back its own patterns, so if synchronisation is required, all units must be programmed with the same patterns.

In Macro mode, DMX channel 1 selects pattern 1-8, channel 2 selects step time and channel 3 selects crossfade (see p23 for values).

Control mode

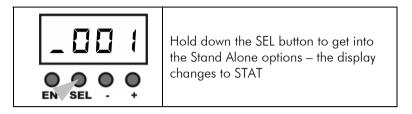
Sets the control mode for the unit – you can either control each channel individually or use the colour mix mode (HSL).



The available options, selected using the right hand button, are

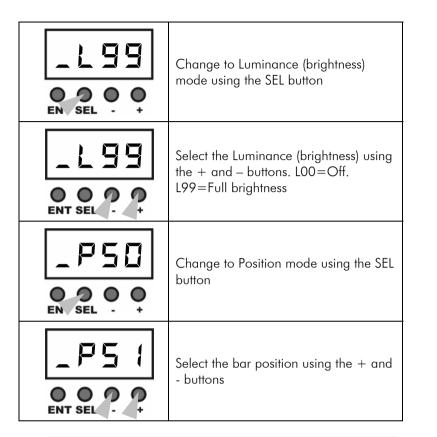
- RGBD individual control of each channel with overall master dimmer.
- RGB default individual control but no master dimmer
- HSL (hue, saturation, luminance colour mix mode. Hue sets the colour from all available colours in the spectrum. Saturation sets the strength of the colour, from full colour at the bottom, through pastel colours, to white at the top. Luminance sets the brightness (dimmer control) for the colour.
- SNGL all outputs are controlled by a single DMX channel. Used when single-colour fixtures are being controlled. Uses one DMX channel only.

Stand alone operation



Output a Static colour and position

	Press the + button to get into Static Colour/Position mode	
	Select the Hue (colour) using the + and – buttons. Hold down the button to change colour faster.	
5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Change to Saturation mode using the SEL button	
599 ENT SEL - +	Select the Saturation (richness of colour) using the + and – buttons. S00=Primary colours. S50=Pastel colours. S99=White	



Note: although the unit displays 0-99, there are some finer settings in between each full number, so the number will not change every time you press the button.

The unit will remain in static colour mode until you exit STAT mode by pressing ENT.

If you turn off the unit while it is in STAT mode, next time you turn it on it will come back on in STAT mode set to the same colour and position as you left it.

3 or 4 output mode

Enables or disables the fourth LED output channel.

	Keep pressing the ENT button to get to the OUTP option.
	Use the + button to set 4 channel or 3 channel mode. In 3 channel mode the White output is disabled and the unit will use one less DMX channel.
SEL O O O O ENT SEL - +	Press the ENT button to store the output mode.

DMX control options

To enter the option menu, hold the ENT button for 3 sec. Press ENT to go to the next option, or SEL to go back to the previous option.



DMX address

Sets the DMX address the unit is to respond to

Hold down the ENT button to get to the ADDR option.	
Use the three right hand buttons to set the digit above them (hundreds, tens and units)	
Press the ENT button to store the DMX address.	

Linking units in master-slave mode

You can link multiple units together in Stand Alone mode using the DMX connections and they will slave together. Slave units should have ADDR set to 001, the MODE option set to RGB and the MACR option set to OFF (the default options).

Important: Do not connect DMX when units are slaved in stand alone mode. The DMX will conflict with the stand alone information and cause flickering.

Play back a Pattern (chase sequence)

_			1
O EN	SEL	0	O

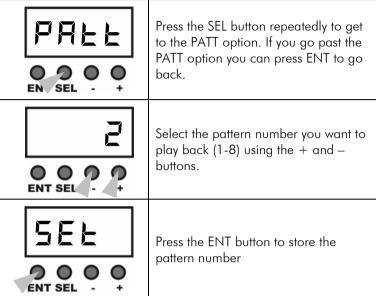
If the unit is in DMX mode showing 001, hold down the SEL button to get into the Stand Alone options

The unit can store and replay 8 patterns of 16 steps. It is provided with 8 built-in patterns but you can reprogram any or all of these. Each pattern has built in movement as well as the colour changes. The 8 built in patterns are:

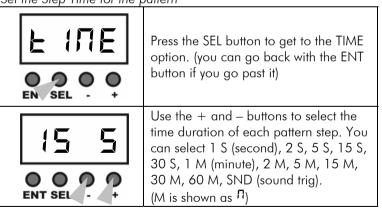
- 1-Red-Green-Blue fade
- 2-Red-Orange-Green-Cyan-Blue-Magenta fade
- 3-Red with white passing through
- 4-Blue with white passing through
- 5-Red-Green-Blue pastel colour fade
- 6-Purple/Green then Orange/Blue
- 7-Cyan/Blue
- 8-White/Off chase

To play back a pattern, use the following steps. If you don't need to change the Pattern number, time or fade, you can skip those steps.

Select which pattern you want to play



Set the Step Time for the pattern



Macro control channel (set MACR option to ON to enable)		R option to ON to enable)
	DMX	Output
	0-127	Normal operation

Macro mode enabled

Macro pattern select (Channel 1 when in macro mode)

128-255

DMX	Output
0-31	Select pattern 1
32-63	Select pattern 2
64-95	Select pattern 3
96-127	Select pattern 4
128-159	Select pattern 5
160-191	Select pattern 6
192-223	Select pattern 7
224-255	Select pattern 8

Macro pattern speed (Channel 2 when in macro mode)

DMX	Output
0	Fastest speed (1 sec per step)
1-254	Variable speed
255	Slowest speed (60 min per step)

Macro pattern crossfade (Channel 3 when in macro mode)

DMX	Output
0	No crossfade (snap)
1-254	Variable crossfade
255	Continuous crossfade

DMX control values

DMX	Output
0	Off
1-254	Variable output 1-99%
255	Full On

Hue (Channel 1 in HSL mode) – continuous colour mix

DMX	Output
0	Magenta
42	Red
85	Orange
128	Green
170	Cyan
213	Blue
255	Magenta

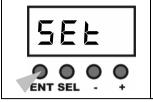
Saturation (Channel 2 in HSL mode)

DMX	Output
0	Full colours (0% white)
1-254	Variable saturation
255	100% white

DMX	Output
0	Off
1-254	Variable brightness 1-99%
255	Full On

Position

DMX	Output
0	Full left
1-254	Variable position – 128=centre
255	Full right

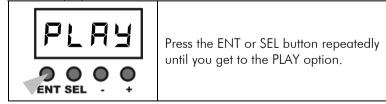


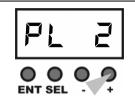
Press the ENT button to store the step time setting.

Set the Fade Rate for the pattern

	Press the SEL button to get to the FADE option (you can go back with the ENT button if you go past it)
	Use the + and – buttons to select the amount of fade between steps. 0=Snap. 9=Maximum fade
SEL ENT SEL - +	Press the ENT button to store the fade setting.

Start the playback





Press the + button to start playback of the pattern.

You do not need to set the PATT, TIME and FADE options each time – the unit will remember the last settings. TIME and FADE are remembered separately for each Pattern. Go straight to the PLAY option to play a pattern with its previous settings.

The unit will remain in playback mode until you exit PLAY mode by pressing ENT.

If you turn off the unit while it is in PLAY mode, next time you turn it on it will come back on in PLAY mode running the same pattern as you left it.

DMX control channels

Outp	Mode	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Note
3CH	rgbd	R	G	В	D	Р	m	-	
3CH	RGB	R	G	В	Р	m	-	-	No master dimmer
3CH	HSL	Н	S	L	Р	m	-	1	
4CH	rgbd	R	G	В	W	D	Р	m	
4CH	RGB	R	G	В	W	Р	m	-	-DEFAULT MODE-
4CH	HSL	Н	S	L	Р	m	-	I	
*	SNGL	D	Ρ	-	-	-	-		
*	*	Pa	Sp	Xf	Ś	Ş	Ş		MACR ON, Macro
									channel > 50%

R=Red, G=Green, B=Blue, W=White, D=Dim, P=position H=Hue, S=Saturation, L=Luminance

 ${\sf m}={\sf becomes}$ Macro control channel if MACR option is ON, otherwise unused

Pa=Pattern select, Sp=Speed select, Xf=Crossfade select ? = in macro mode, macro channel will remain where it was before.

Note: In HSL mode, the white channel is controlled using the Saturation control (0=off, 100%=full). Saturation also adjusts the RGB channels to give optimum pastel shades or white output. The RGB channels are controlled using the Hue control. HSL mode is only suitable for controlling RGB and RGBW led fixtures. Fixtures using all-one-colour or amber LEDs should be controlled in SNGL or RGB modes.

Operation in DMX mode

In its default mode, the unit is controlled by five DMX channels:

1	Red
2	Green
3	Blue
4	White
5	Position

You set the base DMX address using the ADDR option (hold the left hand button for 3 sec).

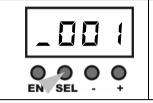
The display will show the base DMX address, with a rotating status symbol when DMX is being received.

The following options affect DMX operation:

- OUTP may be set to 4 channel or 3 channel. "3CH" disables the White channel and reduces the DMX channel usage to 4.
- MODE may be set to RGBD, RGB, HSL or SNGL. RGB disables the dimmer channel. HSL changes the control mode to Hue (colour), saturation (depth of colour) and Luminance (intensity). SNGL is a special option for custom units made with only one colour of LED.
- If the fixture is not fitted with White emitters (i.e. red green and blue only) then you can condense the DMX to 4 channels by changing the OUTP option to 3 channel.

The following table shows how the DMX control channels are used in the different configurations.

Recording a Pattern (chase sequence)



If the unit is in DMX mode showing 001, hold down the SEL button to get into the Stand Alone options

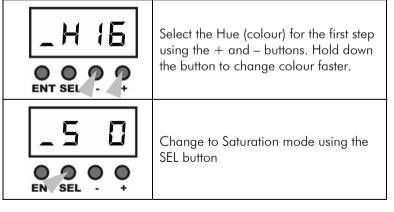
To record a pattern, use the following steps. If you don't need to change the Pattern number, you can skip those steps.

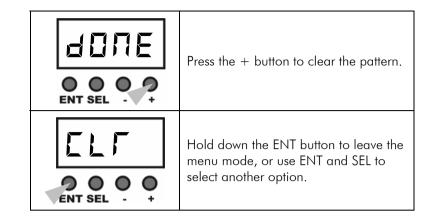
Select the pattern you want to record

	Press the SEL button repeatedly to get to the PATT option. If you go past the PATT option you can press ENT to go back.
	Select the pattern number you want to record (1-8) using the + and – buttons.
SEL PENT SEL - +	Press the ENT button to store the pattern number

	Press the ENT button once to get to the REC option. If you go past the REC option you can press SEL to go back.		
	Press the + button to start recording the pattern. The display shows the Pattern number you are recording.		
	The display shows the the step number.		

Set the output for the first step





Demo mode

Plays back a demo sequence. The unit will play back each of its 8 internal patterns eight times, then go onto the next pattern. If the user has changed the patterns, the user's patterns will be played.

This is a good way to play back a single long sequence if required. Each pattern uses its own Time, Fade and Offset settings as programmed.

Press the SEL button repeatedly to get to the DEMO option.
Press the + button to enter Demo mode. Press any button to end Demo mode.

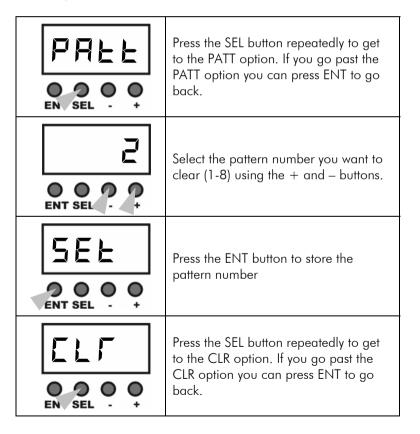
If you turn off the unit while it is in DEMO mode, next time you turn it on it will come back on in DEMO mode.

If you are using Offset, you need to set the DMX addresses of the slaved units as follows: Unit 1 should be set to DMX addr 001, unit 2 to 005, unit 3 to 009, unit 4 to 013. Further units should repeat from 001.

Clearing a Pattern (chase sequence)

If the unit is in DMX mode showing 001, hold down SEL to get into the menu mode.

The CLR option will reload the factory default pattern into the currently selected PATT number.



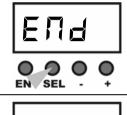
	Select the Saturation (richness of colour) for the step using the + and – buttons. S00=Primary colours. S50=Pastel colours. S99=White
	Change to Luminance (brightness) mode using the SEL button
	Select the Luminance (brightness) for the step using the + and – buttons. LOO=Off. L99=Full brightness
	Change to Position mode using the SEL button
_ P 5 { • • • •	Select the bar position for this step using the + and - buttons
	Press the ENT button to store the step. The display shows the next step number.

Set the output for the other steps



Select the Hue, Saturation, Luminance or Position for the second step as before. Press ENT to save. Repeat this for up to 16 steps.

Set the end of the pattern

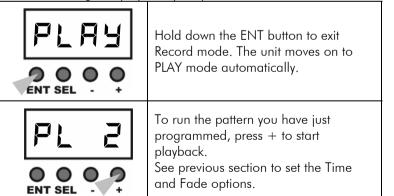


To End the pattern, hold down the SEL button. The display shows END. If you want to add another step instead of the END step, press SEL to select H S L or P.

5	F		{	
9 ENT		0	O ₊	

Press the ENT button to store the END step. The unit will go back to step 1. You can move through the steps to check them by pressing ENT.

Finish recording and playback your pattern



You do not need to set the PATT number each time – if you go straight to the REC option, the unit will record to whichever pattern number was last used.

Advanced playback using Offset

If you have multiple slaved units, Offset can be used to generate a rippling chase across the slaved units, for example if you have 4 slaved units and you set offset to 4, when the first unit is on step 1, the second unit will be on step 2, the third on step 3 and the fourth unit will be on step 4. This allows you to create complicated chase patterns without lots of programming.

Offset can be set individually for each pattern. It will be set for the currently selected pattern. Select the Pattern number you want to change before you select the Offset option.

	Press SEL until you get to the OFFS option.
	Select the offset value (1-4) using the + and – buttons.
5EL 2000 ENT SEL - +	Press the ENT button to store the offset value.