# 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver 

## Features and Benefits

- Up to 90 mA constant-current outputs
- Undervoltage lockout
- Low-power CMOS logic and latches
- High data input rate
- Functional replacement for TB62706BN/BF


## Packages



Not to scale

## Description

The A6276 is specifically designed for LED-display applications. Each BiCMOS device includes a 16-bit CMOS shift register, accompanying data latches, and 16NPN constantcurrent sink drivers. Except for package style and allowable package power dissipation, the device options are identical.

The CMOS shift register and latches allow direct interfacing with microprocessor-based systems. With a 5 V logic supply, typical serial data-input rates are up to 20 MHz . The LED drive current is determined by the user selection of a single resistor. A CMOS serial data output permits cascaded connections in applications requiring additional drive lines. For inter-digit blanking, all output drivers can be disabled with an ENABLE input high. Similar 8-bit devices are available as the A6275.
Three package styles are provided: through-holeDIP(suffix A), surface-mount SOIC (suffix LW), and TSSOP with exposed thermal pad (suffix LP). In normal applications, the copper leadframe and low logic-power dissipation of the DIP allow it to sink maximum rated current through all outputs continuously over the operating temperature range $(90 \mathrm{~mA}, 0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ drop, $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. All packages are lead $(\mathrm{Pb})$ free, with $100 \%$ matte tin leadframe plating.

## Functional Block Diagram



# 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver 

## Selection Guide

| Part Number | Package | Packing | Ambient <br> Temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| A6276EA-T | 24-pin DIP | 15 per tube | -40 to 85 |
| A6276ELP-T | 24-pin TSSOP | 62 per tube | -40 to 85 |
| A6276ELPTR-T | 24-pin TSSOP | 4000 per reel | -40 to 85 |
| A6276ELW-T | 24 -pin SOICW | 31 per tube | -40 to 85 |
| A6276ELWTR-T | 24-pin SOICW | 1000 per reel | -40 to 85 |
| A6276SLW-T* | 24-pin SOICW | 31 per tube | -20 to 85 |
| A6276SLWTR-T* | 24-pin SOICW | 1000 per reel | -20 to 85 |

*These variants are in production but have been determined to be NOT FOR NEW DESIGN. This classification indicates that sale of the variant is currently restricted to existing customer applications. The variant should not be purchased for new design applications because obsolescence in the near future is probable. Samples are no longer available. Status change: April 28, 2008.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings*

| Characteristic | Symbol | Notes | Rating | Units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |  | 7.0 | V |
| Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ |  | -0.5 to 17 | V |
| Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ROUT }}$ |  | -0.4 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.4$ | V |
| Output Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ |  | 90 | mA |
| Ground Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GND}}$ |  | 1475 | mA |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Range S | -20 to 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | Range E | -40 to 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{( }(\max )$ |  | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ |  | -55 to 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

*Caution: These CMOS devices have input static protection (Class 2) but are still susceptible to damage if exposed to extremely high static electrical charges.

Thermal Characteristics may require derating at maximum conditions, see application information

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions* | Value | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Package Thermal Resistance |  | Package A, 1-layer PCB based on JEDEC standard | 50 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | Package LP, 2-layer PCB with 3.8 in? copper area each side | 32 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | Package LW, 1-layer PCB based on JEDEC standard | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |  |

*Additional thermal information available on the Allegro website


## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

## Pin-out Diagram



## Terminal Description

| Terminal No. | Terminal Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | GND | Reference terminal for control logic. |
| 2 | SERIAL DATA IN | Serial-data input to the shift-register. |
| 3 | CLOCK | Clock input terminal for data shift on rising edge. |
| 4 | LATCH ENABLE | Data strobe input terminal; serial data is latched with high-level input. |
| $5-20$ | OUT $_{0-15}$ | The 16 current-sinking output terminals. |
| 21 | OUTPUT ENABLE | When (active) low, the output drivers are enabled; when high, all output <br> drivers are turned OFF (blanked). |
| 22 | SERIAL DATA OUT | CMOS serial-data output to the following shift-register. |
| 23 | R EXT $^{\text {SUPPLY }}$ | An external resistor at this terminal establishes the output current for all <br> sink drivers. |
| 24 | $\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}\right)$ The logic supply voltage (typically 5 V ). |  |

## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver



Dwg. EP-010-11
OUTPUT ENABLE (active low)


Dwg. EP-010-13
CLOCK and SERIAL DATA IN


Dwg. EP-010-12
LATCH ENABLE


SERIAL DATA OUT

TRUTH TABLE

| Seria Data Input | Clock Input | Shift Register Contents |  |  |  |  |  | Serial Data Output | Latch Enable Input | Latch Contents |  |  |  |  |  | Output Enable Input | Output Contents |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ | $I_{3}$ | ... | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{3}$ | ... | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{2} \quad \mathrm{I}_{3}$ |  |  |
| H |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\ldots$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-2}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | ... | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-2}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X |  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ | ... | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{N}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | X | X | X | ... | X | X | X | L |  | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ | ... | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{3}$ | ... | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | H | $\mathrm{P}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{3}$ | $\ldots$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ |  | L |  | $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{3}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X | $\ldots$ | X | X | H |  | H H | H | H |

L = Low Logic (Voltage) Level H = High Logic (Voltage) Level $X=$ Irrelevant $P=$ Present State $R=$ Previous State

## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ (unless otherwise noted).

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Limits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| Supply Voltage Range | $V_{D D}$ | Operating | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Under-Voltage Lockout | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD} \text { (UV) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.4 | - | 4.0 | V |
| Output Current (any single output) | $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CE }}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=250 \Omega$ | 64.2 | 75.5 | 86.8 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CE }}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=470 \Omega$ | 34.1 | 40.0 | 45.9 | mA |
| Output Current Matching (difference between any two outputs at same $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}$ ) | $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} 0.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}(\mathrm{~A})} & =\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}(\mathrm{~B})} 0.7 \mathrm{~V}: \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}} & =250 \Omega \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}} & =470 \Omega \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 1.5$ $\pm 1.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 6.0 \\ & \pm 6.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Output Leakage Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {CEX }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 1.0 | 5.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Logic Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  | $0.7 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {D }}$ | - | $V_{D D}$ | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  | GND | - | $0.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | V |
| SERIAL DATA OUT Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OL }}=500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | - | - | 0.4 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | 4.6 | - | - | V |
| Input Resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | ENABLE Input, Pull Up | 150 | 300 | 600 | k $\Omega$ |
|  |  | LATCH Input, Pull Down | 100 | 200 | 400 | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DD(OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=$ open, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OE}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 0.8 | 1.4 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=470 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OE}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3.5 | 6.0 | 8.0 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=250 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OE }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6.5 | 11 | 15 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=470 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OE }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 7.0 | 13 | 20 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=250 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OE }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 | 22 | 32 | mA |

Typical Data is at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and is for design information only.

## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, $R_{E X T}=470 \Omega, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=40 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=65 \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10.5 \mathrm{pF}$.

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test Conditions | Limits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| Propagation Delay Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pHL}}$ | $\mathrm{CLOCK}^{\text {-OUT }}$ n | - | 350 | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | LATCH-OUT $_{n}$ | - | 350 | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{ENABLE}^{\text {-OUT }}$ | - | 350 | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | CLOCK-SERIAL DATA OUT | - | 40 | - | ns |
| Propagation Delay Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pLH}}$ | $\mathrm{CLOCK}^{\text {-OUT }}$ n | - | 300 | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | LATCH-OUT $_{n}$ | - | 300 | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | ENABLE-OUT ${ }_{n}$ | - | 300 | 1000 | ns |
|  |  | CLOCK-SERIAL DATA OUT | - | 40 | - | ns |
| Output Fall Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | 90\% to $10 \%$ voltage | 150 | 350 | 1000 | ns |
| Output Rise Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | 10\% to $90 \%$ voltage | 150 | 300 | 600 | ns |

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Characteristic | Symbol | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |  | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ |  | - | 1.0 | 4.0 | V |
| Output Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Continuous, any one output | - | - | 90 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | SERIAL DATA OUT | - | - | -1.0 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | SERIAL DATA OUT | - | - | 1.0 | mA |
| Logic Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ |  | $0.7 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.3$ | V |
|  | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |  | -0.3 | - | $0.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | V |
| Clock Frequency | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{CK}}$ | Cascade operation | - | - | 10 | MHz |

## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

TIMING REQUIREMENTS and SPECIFICATIONS
(Logic Levels are $V_{D D}$ and Ground)


Dwg. WP-030-1A

Serial data present at the input is transferred to the shift register on the logic 0-to-logic 1 transition of the CLOCK input pulse. On succeeding CLOCK pulses, the registers shift data information towards the SERIAL DATA OUTPUT. The serial data must appear at the input prior to the rising edge of the CLOCK input waveform.

Information present at any register is transferred to the respective latch when the LATCH ENABLE is high (serial-toparallel conversion). The latches continue to accept new data as
long as the LATCH ENABLE is held high. Applications where the latches are bypassed (LATCH ENABLE tied high) will require that the OUTPUT ENABLE input be high during serial data entry.

When the OUTPUT ENABLE input is high, the output sink drivers are disabled (OFF). The information stored in the latches is not affected by the OUTPUT ENABLE input. With the OUTPUT ENABLE input low, the outputs are controlled by the state of their respective latches.

## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

## ALLOWABLE OUTPUT CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF DUTY CYCLE A6276EA






## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

## ALLOWABLE OUTPUT CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF DUTY CYCLE (cont.)

A6276EA


A6276ELW


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS


## ALLOWABLE OUTPUT CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF DUTY CYCLE (cont.) A6276ELP




# 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver 

## Applications Information

The load current per bit $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}\right)$ is set by the external resistor $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{EXT}}\right)$ as shown in the figure below.


Package Power Dissipation ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ ). The maximum allowable package power dissipation is determined as

$$
\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}(\max )=\left(150-\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}\right) / \mathrm{R}_{\theta \mathrm{JA}} .
$$

The actual package power dissipation is

$$
\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}(\mathrm{act})=\mathrm{DC} \cdot\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}} \cdot \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}} \cdot 16\right)+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \cdot \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DD}}\right),
$$

where DC is the duty cycle.
When the load supply voltage is greater than 3 V to 5 V , considering the package power dissipating limits of these devices, or if $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}($ act $)>\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}(\max )$, an external voltage reducer ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DROP}}$ ) should be used.
Load Supply Voltage ( $\mathbf{V}_{\text {LED }}$ ). These devices are designed to operate with driver voltage drops $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}\right)$ of 0.4 V to 0.7 V with LED forward voltages $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}\right)$ of 1.2 V to 4.0 V. If higher voltages are dropped across the driver, package power dissipation will be increased significantly. To minimize package power dissipation, it is recommended to use the lowest possible load supply voltage or to set any series dropping voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DROP }}$ ) as

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DROP}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{LED}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}
$$

with $V_{\text {DROP }}=I_{o} \cdot R_{\text {DROP }}$ for a single driver, or a Zener
diode $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}\right)$, or a series string of diodes (approximately 0.7 V per diode) for a group of drivers. If the available voltage source will cause unacceptable dissipation and series resistors or diode(s) are undesirable, a regulator such as the Sanken Series SAI or Series SI can be used to provide supply voltages as low as 3.3 V .

For reference, typical LED forward voltages are:

| White | $3.5-4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Blue | $3.0-4.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Green | $1.8-2.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Yellow | $2.0-2.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Amber | $1.9-2.65 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Red | $1.6-2.25 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Infrared | $1.2-1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |

Pattern Layout. This device has a common logic-ground and power-ground terminal. If ground pattern layout contains large common-mode resistance, and the voltage between the system ground and the LATCH ENABLE or CLOCK terminals exceeds 2.5 V (because of switching noise), these devices may not operate correctly.


## 16-Bit Serial Input, Constant-Current Latched LED Driver

Package A, 24-pin DIP



For Reference Only
(reference JEDEC MS-001 BE)
Dimensions in millimeters
Dimensions exclusive of mold flash, gate burrs, and dambar protrusions Exact case and lead configuration at supplier discretion within limits shown A. Terminal \#1 mark area

Package A, 24-pin TSSOP with exposed thermal pad


## Package LW, 24-pin SOICW



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